An order was issued on Thursday by Justice Lawrence, of the Supreme Court, directing the officers of the Produce Bank, at Barclay-st, and College place, to show cause why the bank should not be dissolved and a receiver appointed. Yesterday Deputy Attorney-General John C. Keeler moved for the appointment of a receiver. He stated that in July last, Bank Superintendent Pame had reported as the result of an examination of the bank that its capital stock, which was \$125,000, had been impaired to the amount of \$29,482 07. The bank was ordered to make this good, but had not done so, and the suit had therefore been brought. Mr. Keeler added that a further examination in November had shown an impairment of the capital to the extent of \$81,000.

Recier added that a further examination in November had shown an impairment of the capital to the extent of \$\$1,000.

Jehn L. Calwadader, in opposing the motion, said, in behalf of the bank, that the institution had made good the alleged deficiency by reducing its capital from \$125,000 to \$100,000; that a mistake of \$10,000 had been made by the examiner; that certain assets had increased in value, and that the bank was now in a proper condition to do business, if left alone. It lowed \$154,000 to depositors (of whom there are about J00) and it had no other creditors except the Continental National Bank; and he and the directors of the Produce Bank were presented to resene it by putting in \$154,000, and we did ask the depositors to cail for their money tomorrow. Mr. Cadwadader then read a letter from Mr. Paine, who stated that he did not object to the plan proposed, nancely, to deposit in the bank the amount due depositors (about \$156,000) by to-morrow, and to inform them by circular to get their deposits, the money to remain subject to their call until all the deposits were paid.

Several alidavits were then read. In one C. H. Pendergast, the president of the Produce Bank, said that in making up the alleged impairment of the capital, \$10,000 was an error and should not have been incinded. The deficiency, later, was much more than paid, \$25,000 being added to the assets and property of the bank between July and November. Mr. Pendergast added that without the appenitment of a receiver all of the debts and liabilities of the bank could be absolutely discinaged, while the appointment of a receiver would be fatal both to the depositors and the creditors of the bank. C. C. Baldwin, a director of the bank, stated that the bank was prepared to pay on demand all of its deposits, amounting to about \$150,000. Edmand D. Randolph, president of the Continental National Bank, in his affidavits referred to the Like evaculation, and not that of November, in

would be injurious to the depositors, stockholders and creditions.

Mr. Keeler said that the affidavits referred to the July examination, and not that of November, in which a deniciency of \$\$1,000 was discovered; that the reduction was not properly carried out; and that a receiver should be appointed, because only the depositors and not the stockholders (some of whom have protested against the reduction of capital) would be benefited by the paying in of \$154,000. Justice Lawrence denied the motion for the appointment of a receiver on the condition that money to pay the depositors should be paid into the Produce Bank to-morrow morning.

The following notice was sent to the depositors last night:

ast Hight: At a needing of the directors of this bank, held this day, was resolved to place the bank in liquidation. All epositors will be paid on full in demand, and you are re-uested to withdraw your deposit without delay.

guested to withdraw your deposit without delay.

It is understood that the Continental National Bank, in accordance with the statements of its officers and the order of the court, has supplied the money to pay the depositors on demand. President Randolph said yesterday:

The Produce Bank has assets amply sufficient to pay its deposits and, I think, about 60 per cent of its stock. I have had occasion to inquire into the affairs of the bank several thores and I am satisfied that my estimate is not far wrong. We simply purpose to save the bank from wreek, and in paying the depositors this bank is fully protected from loss. The Produce Bank simply goes into your transfer of the product of th

vointury liquination.

R. T. Woodward, of Woodward, Baldwin & Co., one of the directors of the Produce Bank, said that the stockholders would receive not less than 60 per cent. He added:

per cent. He added:

There has been at no time any question in regard to the abulty of the bank to pay its depositors. Since the examination in July, when we were told that the bank was behindhand, there has been a gradum withdrawal of deposits, so that now they are only about \$104,000. If the bank should receive from the city the rull amount of its claim, it would be able to return to its stockholders considerably more than 100

cents on a dollar.

The Produce Bank, several years ago, advanced large sums of money to the contractor on the Riverside Park on assignment of his claims for work against the city. The full amount due from the city is said to be about \$260,000. The bank has offered to settle the matter for about one-half, and tho city has offered to pay \$100,000, but no agreement has yet been reached.

A new bank, which will be called the Washington Market Bank, will be established, it is understood, by the prominent stockholders of the Produce Bank and in the same interest.

LIQUOR DEALERS AND THEIR LICENSES. POSITION OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONERS-POLICE

CAPTAINS AND JUSTICE MURRAY.

CAPTAINS AND JUSTICE MURRAY.

Satisfaction was expressed at Police Headquarters yesterday on account of District-Attormey Peckham's opinion on the Excise question. Acting Superintendent Thorne said that the police would continue to arrest dealers who sell liquor under licenses which have been annulled by convictions. Thomas J. Creamer, connsel to the Board of Excise, declared that the opinion of the District-Attorney is not binding upon the police justices. "I still adhere to my opinion." he said, "that the Excise Board alone has power to revoke licenses."

A number of police captains addressed a letter to Police Justice Murray, demanding an explanation of his recent public utterances regarding precinct management. A Tribunk reporter asked Justice Murray if he intended to reply to the letter, and he said that he thought he would not. He had acquired, he said, a good deal of unpleasant notoriety from the matter and he wished to let it drop. He proposed henceforth to follow the opinion of District-Attorney Peckham, but at the same time he would hold the police strictly to the law.

The Excise Commissioners yesterday rejected about twenty applications for heanse from dealers who have been fined for violation of the Excise law on the ground that the places mentioned in the applications were licensed. Before the present agitation of the subject, the commissioners issued a number of new licenses to persons who had paid fines for violations of the Excise law before their former licenses had expired. If it is held that such convictions annufled the old licenses, Mr. Creamer says, the new licenses reworthless, and the Excise Commissioners may be indicted for issuing them. This phase of the subject has caused much anxiety in the Board of Excise, Dealers who recently paid fines are urged by the commissioners to precure a fine area of the subject has caused much anxiety in the Board of Excise, Dealers who recently paid fines are urged by the commissioners to procure a commissioners may be indicted for issuing them. This phase of the subject has caused much auxiety in the Board of Excise. Dealers who recently paid fines are urged by the commissioners to procure a decision of the question by the Court of Appeals. In order to force the dealers to action the commissioners have declared that they will refuse to give licenses to purchasers of places already licensed. Such a step will make it impossible for a convicted dealer to sell his business to a person who has not been convicted, or to procure a new license for his liquor store in the name of some friend or relative who may be the purchaser.

In the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, Justice Lawrence reserved his decision on the application of Diedrich Fincke, who keeps a liquor place at No. 620 Grand-st., for the continuance of a temporary injunction restraining the Police Department from closing his place. The police assert that Fincke's license has expired, and efforts were made a week ago yesterday to shut up the shop. Fincke thereupon obtained a temporary injunction enjoining the police from troubling him.

Henry Tomfohrde, a bartender in the liquor store at No. 101 West-st., in the Tombs Police Court yesterday was charged with selling liquor on the license held previous to the fining of the proprietor for violating the Excise law. He was in the custody of Detective George Gick, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, who stated that he had purchased a glass of beer from the bartender. Justice Murray thereupon ordered charges to be made against Gick before the Police Counnissioners for violating the rule of the department which provides that no member of the force while on daty shall drink any kind of liquor.

Deputy United States Marshal Minnerly, after a

United States Marshal Minnerly, after a Deputy United States Marshal Minnerly, after a search in the country near the Bronx River, found Francis De Ville, a Frenchman, who was charged by the Internal Revenue officers with selling liquor without having paid the United States tax. The officers who made the complaint were sent out to look for an illicit still that was said to be in use. Not finding the still, they bought a glass of beer at the Frenchman's store and made complaint against him. He was held for examination yesterday by Commissioner Lyman.

THE BURNING OF A PULLMAN CAR.

THE BURNING OF A PULLMAN CAR.

The officers of the New-York Central Railroad Company yesterday expressed indignation at the unjust comments in The Times on the fire in the sleeping-car Tollona near Albany on Friday. The car was one of the Pullman cars acquired by the Wagner Company on the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific road. The Wagner cars are lighted on a different system and one which renders the explosion of any of the lamps almost impossible. The magnitude of the fire, it is stated, has been grossly exaggerated, and the damage done to the car will not be over \$50. The injuries received by the two passengers are said to have resulted from their trying to leave the car from the rear end, contrary to the directions of the porter.

THE NEW POLICE AID ASSOCIATION. Detective-Sergeant Dunn, the originator of two glice mutual and associations, yesterday presented

A BANK'S CAPITAL IMPAIRED.

A RECEIVER ASKED FOR, BUT NOT NAMED.

THE PRODUCE BANK GIVEN A DAY OF GRACE—ITS

DEPOSITORS TO BE SECURED.

An order was issued on Thursday by Justice Lawrence, of the Supreme Court, directing the efficers of the Supreme Court, directing the officers of the first grade, pay for the benefit of the widow or next of kin, the sum of 75 cents; upon the death of a member of the second grade shall, upon the death of a member of either the first or second grades, pay the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents, and upon the death of a member of either the first or second grades, pay the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents, and upon the death of a member of either the first or second grades, pay the sum of 25 cents. The members of the second grades, pay the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents, and upon the death of a member of either the first grade, pay for the benefit of the widow or next of kin, the sum of 75 cents; upon the death of a member of the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents. The member of the first grade, pay for the sum of 75 cents; and upon the death of a member of the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents. The members of the sum of 25 cents. The member of

THE PROPOSED OIL UNION. WARM OPPOSITION TO THE SCHEME OF CONSOLIDA-

There were two stormy meetings of the members of the New-York Petroleum Exchange yesterday on the question of consolidation with the Mining Exchange. Last week committees of the two exchanges were appointed to confer on the matter. A majority report was prepared by the committees recommending the uniting of the two bodies of members under the title of the "New-York Petroleum and Mining Exchange," but with the gratuity fund organizations maintained separately as they are now. The latter provision was adopted because the New-York Petroleum Exchange has only \$79.100 in its treasury and \$7.000 surplus in the gratuity fund, while the Mining Exchange has \$134,000 treasury funds, a building fund of \$80.000, and \$70,000 surplus in its gratuity fund.

change has \$134,000 treasury funds, a building fund of \$80,000, and \$70,000 surplus in its gratuity fund.

There is a strong and bitter opposition to consolidation in the New-York Petroleum Exchange, led by its officers and the principal men in the petroleum business. They declare that the real business is done at the old Exchange, and that the Mining Board is composed only of traders, and not of any large producers, refiners or exporters. It would be unjust and absurd, they argue, to allow a consolidation in which the domination of members would be that of speculators. They are not willing to submit to that simply because the Mining Exchange has more money per member than their own board. The strongest opponents of the committee say that they are in favor of a united petroleum exchange provided the qualification of members can be closely scrutinized. The advocates of union say that their opposition comes upon members who fear they will lose their ability to manipulate the market if the Exchange is enlarged. One of the meetings held yesterday was to consider whether or not proxies should be allowed to be used in voting on consolidation. The anti-consolidation members favor the use of proxies. Final action was postponed. Later a meeting was held at the call of J. L. Anthony, chairman of the old Petroleum Exchange, to receive the report on consolidation. The legality of the meeting was questioned, and after much squabbling it was voted to hold a meeting on Tuesday to consider the report. The Mining Exchange members held a meeting and approved the report of their committee, referring it for final action to the Governing Committee.

THE WOULD-BE SUICIDE AT ORANGE. George Frank, who attempted to commit suicide at Orange on Friday night, is still alive, although in a dangerous condition. A letter to his wife, written in German, is translated as follows:

MY DEAR WIFE: I wish you good-bye, a kind good-tye, I did not commit that murder, but what Louis has in his mind worries me. Seil out the business and live omfortably. GEORGE FRANK.

on his mind worries me. Seil out the business and live comfortably.

This letter was sent to his wife's sister, Mrs. Mahlke, living with a family named Sonnerfelt. Mrs. Frank said said yesterday that Dr. Buttner gave her hopes that her husband would live. The Louis mentioned in the letter, she said, had been a bad nephew to his uncle George, who was his father's brother. George Frank, her husband, had brought him up, and taught him the bottling business, and he had left him, and established himself in the same business, and was taking away the customers. On Monday he brought a bug burly stranger into their place who struck her husband and blackened his eye.

"In spite of George Frank's attempt at suicide, in spite of his extraordinary letter to his wife. I do not believe that he was the murderer of Phoble Paullin," said Chief McChesney to a TRIBUNE reporter. "I had him looked after, and found that there was not a shadow of doubt against him. His character is excellent. He is a good husband and father; but a nervous and excitable man incapable of concealing his feelings, and apt to fly off the handle."

HOME NEWS.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

Hotel Brunswick—C. de Bildt, Secretary of the Swedish Legation, at Washington... Fifth Arenue Hotel—Ex-Governor H. P. Baldwin, of Mehigan, and Senator James Maskin, of Nowburg, N. Y. St. James Hotel—Judge L. D. Thoman, of the United States Civil Service Commission... Exercit House—President M. B. Anderson, of Inchester University. Union Square Hotel—Pay-Inspector A. J. Clark, U. S. N. Brevoort House—The Rev. C. C. McCabe, of Cuicago.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Arrests last week, 1,456; births, 592; deaths, 572; marriages, 335. The Cornell alumni will have their annual dinner at Martinelli's on December 14.

A bazar in aid of the Association for Befriending Young Girls will be opened at No. 138 Second-ave. on Tuesday.

Mr. Barnum received a cable dispatch yesterday The Young Men's Republican Club of the VIIIth Assembly District celebrated its third anniversary last evening at No. 97 Forsyth-st.

The third annual games of the 7th Regiment Athletic Club were held last evening at the arm-ory, in the presence of a large number of specta-

Raffaelo Dalorio, of No. 26 Crosby-st., was ar-rested yesterday charged with the murder of Fran-cisco Dalcisco, of No. 36 Crosby-st., on Evacuation

MAIL BAGS LEFT ON THE FIER.

Seven bags of mail matter for Porto Rico were the touthe pier by the purser of the Atlas steamer Alps on Friday afternoon. They were forwarded by the Ward line steamer Saratoga yesterday.

CLOSE OF THE WINDSOR THEATRE FIRE INQUIRY.
Fire Marshal Sheldon yesterday completed his investigation of the Windsor Theatre fire. He said that it was fair to conclude from the testimony taken that the fire started by accident in the kitchen of Hartmann's Hotel.

MRS. SHARPE'S BABY. Justice Lawrence, in the Superior Court. Chambers, yesterday appointed Austin G. Fox referee in the suit of Mrs. Mary F. Sharpe, proprietor of the Sallade Plaiting Establishment, at No. 330 Broadway, against her husband, Henry E. Sharpe, to obtain possession of her four-months-old child.

IMMIGRANTS STILL FOURING IN.

Immigrants were landed at Castle Garden yesterday by the Werra, 453; Main, 365; State of Pennsylvania, 95; City of Chicago, 123; Jan Breydel, 56; Daniel Steinmann, 63; total, 1,165. For the week the arrivals were 5,768.

DR. RUTLER'S LECTURE ON THE REFORMATION,
The Rev. Dr. Clement M. Butler, of Philadelphia,
is delivering a course of lectures on "The Reformation in France," before the students of the General
Theological Seminary, in the Church of the Holy
Communion. The lectures on Monday and Wednesday will be on the "Massacre of St. Bartholomew."

Martin Cannon, the driver of the Broadway car which on Friday evening ran over Nicholas May, causing his death, was arraigned before Justice Patterson in the Jefferson Market Police Court vesteriay. The president of the Broadway Line farnished the \$2,500 bond which was required for his release.

A WIFE-BEATER PUNISHED.

Emil Schmidt was charged before Justice Duffy yesterday, at Essex Market Police Court, with ernelly beating his wife, Antonia Schmidt, at No. 214 Chrystie-st., with a horse-whip and with throwing her on a heated stove, while he was under the influence of liquor. He was committed for twelve months in default of \$2,000 bail.

PRIZES FOR MOTTOES.

The prizes offered by the American Safe Deposit Company, at Fifth-ave, and Forty-second-st., brought multitudinous mottoes in English, German, French, Italian, Latin, Greek and Spanish. The successful candidates were C. A. Nelson, E. A. Hall, S. B. Adams, Miss Topham, H. O. Marsh, S. P. Curtis, Louise Hock, E. E. Cline, John D. Stokes, E. H. Clark, T. F. Burnham, J. C. Hogan, A. B. Stewart,

Offices of Lincoln Post, No. 13,
At the annual election held by Abraham Lincoln
Post, No. 13, G. A. R., at No. 52 Union-square last
week, the following officers were elected: Commander, C. A. Wells; senior vice-commander, John
H. Tyson; junior vice-commander, A. J. B. Miller;
chaplain, James Boylan; surgeon, Fred. Guyer;
and quartermaster, Isaac H. Tyson.

and quartermaster, Isaac H. Tyson.

Alterations in the almshouse ordered.

An examiner of the Bureau of Buildings, who inspected the one-story hospital attached to the Almshouse on Blackwell's Island, recently made a report that the furnace flues were not built properly, and that the woodwork near the furnace was liable to take fire. Inspector Esterbrook yesterday ordered necessary alterations in the building.

THE MARTIN CUNNINGHAM INQUEST.

Coroner Martin held an inquest yesterday regarding the death of Martin Cunningham, who was killed by being crushed under a falling pile of lumber in the yard of D. J. Carroll, at Sixteenth-st, and Tenth-ave., on November 24. The jury found that the pile of lumber was improperly built, and recommended Mr. Carroll to make a careful supervision of such work in the future.

THE PURCHASE OF NASSAU POINT.

Detective-Sergeant Dunn, the originator of two police mutual aid associations, yesterday presented to the members of the Police Department a plan for the reorganization of the existing associations. It is designed to have only one association in the future, and in order to make it suit policemen of atture, and in order to make it suit policemen of account of the three grades the following plan of association was \$1,000,000. The more important objects of the consideration was \$1,000,000. The more important objects of the consideration was \$1,000,000. The more important objects of the company are the erection of what was through with representatives of the theatrical and journalistic professions. The body was interred in Union Cemetery.

engaged in the foreign trade, and the creation of a

new summer resort.

PRACTICALLY UNITING TWO BOARDS.

There has been a practical consolidation of the Board of Unlusted Securities with the New-York Mining Stock and National Petroleum Exchange, the latter organization taking in about 100 members of the other board. The new members bring about \$24,000 to the treasury of the Consolidated Exchange, and the dealings in unlisted stocks and bonds has begun with a promise of increasing activity. The exchange will send regular quotations of unlisted securities over its "tape."

FINDING HER LONG-LOST HUSBAND.

activity. The exchange will send regard quote of unlisted securities over its "tape."

FINDING HER LONG-LOST HUSBAND.

Fourteen years ago John Leese, a rugged English lad, married a comely young woman in Liverpool. The pair lived together for two years, when John came to America, and six months later his wife followed, finding her husband at a west-side boarding-house in this city. Leese, who was engaged at odd jobs as a laborer, disappeared on catching a glimpse of his wife. Mrs. Leese has supported herself for more than eleven years, and throughout the entire time she has not ceased to search for her husband. She learned recently that he was living in Williamsburg, and caused his arrest. In the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday the hasband and wife met for the first time in over eleven years. Leese, promising to pay \$2 a week toward the support of his wife, was discharged.

BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN. The question of a new park on the Hill is again more discussion by the residents of the Seventh

The suit of Richard Noblett against the Rev. R. H. L. Tighe to recover damages for false imprison-ment was discontinued in the Supreme Court yes-terday. Mr. Tighe is the rector of Grace Chapel. An electric light company, having its office at No. 55 Liberty-st., is erecting poles on the house-tops along Washington-st. The city authorities have not been applied to for permission to use the streets nor cross them with wires.

The canvassers in the Sixth District of the Twentieth Ward yesterday corrected a clerical error in the returns, and the result shows that Clark D. Rhinehart (Republican) is elected Justice of the Peace for the Third District, over Thomas J. Kenna (Democrat), the present incumbent.

NEW-JERSEY. PATERSON.—The Rogers Locomotive and Machine Company yesterday discharged about 200 men. This action was taken in consequence of dulness of

Hoboken.—Mary Kerrigan, age thirteen, who was burned while playing around a bon.fire Thursday night, died of her injuries yesterday. LONG ISLAND.

Manhassett.-Dogs killed nine sheep of a flock owned by J. Onderdonk, on Friday night.

owned by J. Onderdonk, on Friday night.

HUNTINGTON,—Thieves tried to force an entrance to the house of Richard Dill, on Friday night. Mr. Dill shot at them and they fled.

HEMPSTEAD.—The Garfield and Arthur Campaign Club, of Westville, met last evening and reorganized for the campaign of 1884. The club has a membership of nearly 200.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Choton.—Andrew McKittrick, age thirty-six, a laborer in the brick-yard, struck a vein of quick-sand while digging in a sand-bank yesterday, and was buried alive before assistance could be pro-cured. He leaves a widow and seven children.

FUNERAL OF MRS. DILLON.

A TOUCHING TRIBUTE BY THE REV. DR. HALL, The parlors of Sidney Dillon's house in Thirty-seventh-st, were filled yesterday afternoon by a large number of sympathizing friends gathered to attend the funeral of Mrs. Dillon. Between the two parlors was placed the silver-mounted wainut coffin, almost hidden under a mass of ferns and white roses mingled with white hyacinths. In the assembly were seen the faces of many well-known railroad men. At a little after 2 o'clock Mr. Dillon entered the room and took a seat near the door. He was followed by the Rev. Dr. John Hall, paster of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterlan Church. After a short prayer by Dr. Hall the hymn "Rock of Ages" was sone. Dr. Hall then delivered an impressive address, in the course of which he said:

sunc. Dr. Hall then delivered an impressive address, in the course of which he said:

In this case, death has been coming slowly. We have seen the progress of gradual and very gentle decay, accompanied with physical pain and subseries, but borne with a patience that I have rarely seen paralleled, and submitted to with a gentle negative-core which was in part the nature of the sufferer, but in still greater part the present of God's teaching and sustaining grace. There have been all the possible ministrations of tenderness and affection and skill, but at length the end came. It is not in human nature to be without feeling in circumstances of this kind. There are hearts under this roof now whose feelings cannot be expressed in words. A long, close, very tender and fathfully kept union has been simdered by the hand of death, and a strong man le as weak as a little child when this great blow falls upon him. And there are children that feel deeply their loss and children's children; and there are friends here, associates of the life that has come to a close, and they, too, cannot but feel. Memory does its work; sympathy does its work. We remember places that were filled that are now vacant, and kindly faces that shall be seen and centle words that shall be heard never again; and we cannot but feel Memory does its work with the second of the life continued the human body so that there is place for tears, and the does not forbid tears. Jesus wept. He has put within us the social sympathies that link us to one another, and when He strikes His blows in His providence He is not angry with us that we feel the force of those blows, and express our keep and tender feelings in all proper and rational ways. Only there is to be no murmuring, no fault-inding with His dispensations, no doubting of His fatherly goodness and wisdom; and through ring, no fault-finding with His dispensations, no doubt-of His fatherly goodness and wisdom; and through tears there is to go up before the Lord, "Thy will be

done."

It is all the easier to speak this word, dear friends, when we know what was the main hope in the heart that has ceased to heat. She whom God has taken away was a disciple of the best Mastor, a believer in the Lord Jesus, desirous that her life should be consecrated to His service; one who sought to do the duties that God had given her to do in it is strength and according to His revealed will. When she fell asleed, she fell asleed in Jesus. The hope that sustained her was the Christian hope. And now what do we believe and hope for I it was the Saviour who said: "In my Father's house are many mansious," and if it had not been so, He would not have made the promise. Even the bedy shares in the redeaption, and in the last day the voice of the Lord will penetrate the grave and the bedies of His saints will rise up and come forth, heautified, reconstructed, perfected, glorified, like unto His own glorified body, to be reunited with the spirits that have been all the time with Him. This is the Christian hope, and what believers look for, and they do not look for it upon a mere guess, or aspiration, or hypothesis, or dream—they look for it upon the authority of the saire word of the Rving God. And now, fellow-mourners, let God speak to you by what He has done. There is no relationship so tender that death campot break it up, no home, so happy that this great Destroyer cannot penetrate it. No sympathies so close, no lives so near, that death cannot come and break up the union. You and I must pass away, too. And, on't let us make sure that, when we do so ge, we have the rightconsends.

Dr. Hall was visibly affected, and his voice trembled It is all the easier to speak this word, dear friends, when

Dr. H: Il was visibly affected, and his voice trembled frequently during the delivery of his address. The byinn, "Asleep in Jesus," was then sung, and, after another prayer and the benediction, Dr. Hall requested departed friend. The coilin was then placed in the hearse, and, accompanied by the family and a few intimate friends, was taken to Woodlawn for burial. There were friends, was taken to Woodlawn for burial. There were no pall-bearers. Among those present were Jay Gould, Cyrus W. Field, Collis P. Huntington, General J. Watson Webb, General Horace Porter, Dr. Cornelius R. Agnew, Dr. S. H. Carney, William Belden, S. H. Kusesland, E. H. Miller, George J. Gould, N. Kungamill, J. H. Entier, G. F. Winslow, G. C. Ripley, H. B. Hammond, Angelo Pallilps, W. P. Seymour, John Ross and A. M. Hoyt.

A TUG-BOAT SUNK BY AN ANNEX-BOAT.

The tug-boat Alice, owned by the Hudson River Railroad Company and commanded by Captain Henry Ahlers, was run into and sunk last night near Pier No. 2 East River, by the City of Chester, an annexboat of the Eric line. The collision occurred soon after 7 o'clock, as the City of Chester was on her way to Brooklyn. The Alice had just left Pier No. 5 East River, and was about 100 feet from the dock when she was struck. There were five men on board the tag. An officer of the Chester said that his boat was hugging the New-York shore to keep that his boat was hugging the New-York shore to keep out of the ebb tide. When the Alice came out of the slip at Pier No. 5 she crossed the hows of the Chester and rounded up to enter the slip at Pier No. 2. The pilot of the Chester blew two whistles and gave the engineer the sig-nal to stop; the engineer shut off steam and the crash followed before the boat lost her headway. The bow of the Chester struck the Alice and ships, going through into the fire-troom, and held her up long enough for all her crew to get aboard of the Chester. The Ameri-can Eagle, another tug, took off the Alice's crew, none of whom were injured. One of the deck-anads of the City

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

R. Beardsley, T. Cowper, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Chalmers, T. H. Calerdine, H. B. Crane, E. C. Elwell, Mrs. Annie Graham, M. A. H. Grant, John Hobson, E. R. Hart, J. B. Etherington, Mrs. Lathrop, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Lamme, D. Marcus, T. L. Morris, Andrew McClelland, Dr. J. R. Peirson, Moses Pérogordo, the Misses Ivale, J. B. Sanders, Sanders, W. K. Southwick, Dr. T. L. Shearer, Dr. J. Whitemore, Thomas Turner, Charles Ward, J. C. Walee and R. P. Wallace. The Werra brought August Wassermann, M. Ehrlich,

The Werra brought Angola Angola H. Thyssen, G. von der Herberg, Edward Steinbach, John Van Oven, William Braum, H. C. Heariet, Hugo Meyer, Louis Holb, C. Boss and Felix Mayer.

FUNERAL OF JOHN T. DONNELLY.

PATRICK O'DONNELL'S FATE,

TO DO SOMETHING OR OTHER, Washington, Dec. 8 .- The following mempers of the House of Representatives and other citizens called on the President to-day and were granted an audience in the Cabinet room: Messrs. Cox and Robinson, of New-York; Morrison, Springer and Finerty, of Illinois; Le Flore and Foran, of Ohio; Murphy, of Iowa; Maybury, of Michigan; Lamb, of Indiana; McAdoo, of New-Jersey; Collins, of Massachusetts; O'Niell and Burns, of Missouri; also J. B. Irwin, of The Pekin Daily Times, Messrs. Fritz and Young, of Ohio. After a few minutes devoted to introductions and some interchange of jocal ar remarks on the political status of the callers, all being Democrats, Mr. Cox said;

MR. PRESIDENT.—These score or more of gentlemen some to speak to you, in behalf of Patrick O'Donneil—a citizen of the United States. He has just been summarily tried and sentenced to be executed upon the 17th instant. We do not come as lawyers to criticise the procedure by which he was convicted; nor do we ask that his sentence be set aside, because he took the life of an informer, the execration of mankind—the edium of history. We simply ask the postponement of his execution, if your intervention as our Chief Magistrate can effect it. But as the cause of the general and earnest sentiment of the people we represent, I may be allowed to say that certain facts have produced a broad and deep-scated sympathy. These facts are, that the killing was not murder; it was not malice prepense; it was not deliber-

ate. The elements of murder are lacking in the case. The condemned man was not a member of any secret organization. When he entered upon the voyage he was not aware that Carey, the informer, was a fellow passenger. He was pursuing a bona fide journey with his wife to the Cape. The truth is that the killing was an affray It grew out of the occasion, was sudden, and had no con nection with the political events in Ireland.

Besides, it is thought by many that the trial was unfair, not to say cruel. The authorities at the Cape claimes jurisdiction. It is the law of the realm. The "first port" of the nation whose laws are broken is the locus in quo for the trial. Custom law unite to condemn the proceeding. It is contrary to English jurisprudence. Besides, there was wanting that old practice, of late abrogated, in England whereby the jury should have been empanelled, one-half of the nation he belongs to and the other half of the na tion by which he is tried. It is also certain that the judge decided upon the facts, as well as the law. Thus was there a mockery of jury trial and a scandal of justice. I mention these matters not for your presentation of them in a diplomatic way. Your Administration may not condder it proper to criticise, much less anathematize, the sction of British courts. We would not allow any refleclons upon our judicial action from the English Govern nent. Still, these facts have produced their general and ineradicable impression upon the American people as such I recount them. This sympathy is in, tensified by the knowledge that Patrick O'Donnell is a citizen of this country. Although naturalized, yet by the treaty, he is in the same relation as if born on our

General Collins, of Boston-It has been conceded and i well known that he is a citizen.

Mr. Cox—If, Mr. President, this hurrled execution takes

place there will be a shudder run through our people.

Mr. Foran-Is it not true that O'Donnell was a Union

Mr. Finerty-It is so generally reported and understood. It has not been contradicted.

Mr. Cox-Continuing-Let us endeavor to do something Having long served on the Committee on Foreign Affairs. I have had occasion to protest against the assumption or usurpation by Congress of diplomatic power which is exclusively lodged in your function. But, sir, you have interfered in another case—that of Dr. Lamson. It was a case of poison-murder; it had none of the interesting and international phases of this case. It did not evoke universal sympathy. This case does. Hence, as Memsers of Congress, we thus, though unofficially, represent this universal sentiment. A large vote is among them, and we are not a little interested—all of as. Laughter, In fact, we represent at least twenty millions of people of Irish descent, among whom we count such soldiers as General Shoridan; and you. Mr. President, are proud to be reckoned among the discendants of this caliant race. Here the President smiled, and bowed assent. On behalf of this sympathetic people, and in view of the facts which I have related, we only ask that you direct your Secretary of State to open negotiations to carry out our carnest wishes.

Mr. Firsty—As ordinary diplomacy will be too latemay I without impropriety suggest that nezotiations for the postponement of the execution should be by cable and at orce.

The Presidents The execution is fixed for Monday I have had occasion to protest against the assumption of

and at once.

The President—The execution is fixed for Monday week, the 17th. Of course it must be by cable.

Mr. Cox—If there should be a postponement of the execution—meanwhile such representations may be made—ather to commute the sentence, of enlarge the prisoner indep proper conditions. We appeal to you for elemency and humanity.

and humanity.

The President, in reply, said the Department of State would at once telegraph Mr. Lowell to obtain all possible information regarding O'Donnell's effizienship, and that he (the President) would do all he could with propriety to further the wishes of the delegration.

Mr. Cox before retiring with the delegration handed to the President a copy of an appeal prepared by the Clan Na Gael Association, which has been sent to each member of

CHICAGO, Dec. 8 .- The Citizen, edited by John F. Finerty, Member of Congress, in an editorial article commenting on the conviction of O'Donnell, de-clares that as a sequel of his trial the party of violence will henceforth be supreme in Irish politics. The Citizen says the killing of Carey was " the boldest avengement of history and the most honorable, and his conviction by the usual English hanging jury and the inevitably partisan English judge, has put an end forever in the Irish mind to all hope of even ordinary justice from Englishmen." It declares further that after declaring that it will never again raise a cent to defend any Irishman in a British court o' law, and never again contribute nor advocate court o' law, and never again contribute nor advocate contribution of any more money, unless it be for the purpose of "striking terror into the demon heart of an overgrown dastard that hesitates at no crime to maintain an injunious power, and that never falls to whine abjectly when forces superior to her own are applied to make her qualt." The Chitzen agys: "O'Donnell will, no doubt, be hamged December 17. The Irish race failed to save him; it must not fall to avenue him."

him."

The paper further declares that England shows no mercy, and that Ireland will no longer show any, and that while England points to her ships and her cannon, Ireland may point, and soon, to the wreck of the Parilament building and the ruins of 8t. Paul's, and suggests that a New-Zealander may be seen on London Bridge trying to cross it on planks.

Washington her 2, and indexe every word of that

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- "I Indorse every word of that article,"¿sald Representative Finerty to-night, after a perusal of the editorial concerning O'Donnell appearing in his paper at Chicago to-day. "Now I speak," he continued, "as an American journalist, and not as a Congressman. O'Donnell, if he has got to die, will die in gressman. O'Donnell, if he has got to the, whicher he glory. His case has aroused the sympathy not only of the Iriah-American citizens, but also of all the people of the United States. A great how is going up from over the entire country at the outrageous action of the English Judge before whom the prisoner was tried; By Jove, who ever heard of such a procedure as his! Pugtlus Pilate was an honorable man compared with him."

O'DONNELL PREPARING FOR DEATH. London, Dec. 8 .- It is contemplated among the friends of O'Donnell to present a memorial to the Home Secretary asking that his sentence be commuted. The grounds on which the plea will be based are that it was not established in the trial that the marder of Carey was premeditated. The general feeling is that O'Donnell will suffer the penalty at the appointed time. It is significant also that the present Home Secretary ever since he entered upon his office has shown an unvarying predilection for executions. The demeanor of O'Donnell in his prison continues to be exemplary. When informed of the date of his execution, he received when informed of the date of his execution, he received the intelligence with the most complete composure, and said to Father Fleming, who was with him, "I am quite ready to meet my fate. I have done my duty." As he cannot read, his prayers are read to him daily. In his conversation with the wardens, he is self-possessed and

Binns will be his executioner. Since the bungling work Binns will be his executioner. Since the bungling work done by that bangman at Liverpool the method of taking off of criminals has received much attention. Dr. Richardson states that Binns's performance of his duty was much more humane than Marwood's; the Liverpool culprit was asphyxiated, and there is no reason to suppose that he experienced any suffering during his convulsions, or while his pulse was still beating; Marwood, on the other hand, killed by a shock to the spinal cord below the medulla, and it is impossible to cancelve of anything that would give more exquisite torture, or that would produce more awful sensitions in the victim.

PATRICK O'DONNELL'S FATE. HIS FRIENDS TRYING TO AVERT IT, DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMEN ASKING THE PRESIDENT

At the Syndicate, 26 EAST 14TH STREET, NEAR UNIVERSITY PLACE.

WE WISH TO SAY something about the Doll Sale of last Monday. We opened the store at 9 a. m., and in less than two hours were left without any

Papa and Mamma Dolls AT 25 CENTS EACH.

MOST OF THEM were taken by dealers. We have arranged for another sale of Dolls of all sizes, age and sex, for to-morrow, and have taken all necessary precautions to prevent dealers from purchasing these

The Ladies are Especially Provided For. THE SALE TO INCLUDE Papa and Mamma Crying Dolls

A FINE WAX DOLL, flowing hair, 2 feet 4 inches in length,

ANOTHER FINE DOLL, bisque hands and movable head, kid body, flowing hair, good size, at 35 cents.

ANOTHER BARGAIN, good-sized Doll, embroidered shirt and flowing hair, at 15 cents.

Ask for the Ladies' Counter.

500 REAL STAC HANDLE English Carvers and Forks of the Finest Quality at \$1 00 per pair; usually sold for \$2 00.

THE GREATEST BARGAINS AND THE LARGEST COLLECTION

of appropriate and appreciative holiday gifts ever seen in any one establishment.

All under the Control of

McCARTY & HASBERG,

26 EAST 14TH STREET. 26

OPENING EVENINGS.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC. Sun rises, 7:13: sets, 4:33 | Moon sets 1:42 | Moon's age, ds. 10 High WATER TO-DAY. A.M.—Sandy Hook, 2:30 Gov. Island, 3:16 Hell Gate, 5:05 P.M.—Sandy Hook, 3:11 Gov. Island, 3:45 Hell Gate, 5:34 BODDLON STRAMERS DEE AT THIS PORT

FUREIGN	SILAMERO	DUE AL	Into Louis.	-
The Colonial		DAY.	200	1
Vessel.	- Pr	0111.	Line,	1
The Queen	Ifver	0001	National	1
Cettie	Liver	pool	White Star	1
Halerno	Anton		Red Star	а
Seteriand	Rotte	rdam	Royal Neth.	1
Orthoco	Berm	nda	Gulf Ports	-1
CALLEDON TO THE TANK	MONDAY, DI			1
Prin	Londo	n	National	1
Caracas	Lagni	SVTR		1
Niagara		JA	Ward's	1
	TUESDAY, DE	CEMBER 1	L.	1
Greeian Mona	reh Londo	n	Monarch	1
Charte Strin Learn Lin	Liver	pool		1
Wisconsin	Laver	2001	normal designation	1
Ethiopin		0W	Itamb. Amer	1
Hellerk	Lumai	COR.	Atlas	1
Aleue	CHILDRE	VG NEWS.		1
			SPERMENT WITH THE	1
PORT OF NI	W-YORK	SATURDA	Y, DEC. 8, 1893.	1

Steamer Oxfordshire (Br), Jones, Chins and Japan ports via Gibrattar 10 days, with indee to A A Low & Bros; vessel to M F Pickering & Cs. Steamer State of Pennsylvania (Br), Ritchie, Glasgow Nov 23 and Larne 25, with indee and passengers to Austin Haldwin Steamer Bothal (Br), Stranghan, Liverpool 23 days, with idse to Simpson, Spence & Young. oscamer notion: (AF), Stranghan, Liverpool 23 days, with mose to Simpson, Spence & Young. Steamer Lianded City (Br), Weiss, Bristoi Nov 20, with inducto Arkell & Douglass. Steamer D Steitmann (Belg), Schoenhoven, Antwerp Nov 14 and Halifax 2 days, with indee and passengers to Funch, Edys & Co. dye & Co. Steamer Jan Breydel (Beig), Meyer, Antwerp 18 days, with

Make and passengers to Funch, Edye & Co.

Steamer Andes (Spau). Echeverrata. Aspinwall Nov 20,
Carthagena 24, Kingston 29, and Port Antonio 9 days, with
mole and passengers to Pim. Forwood & Co.
Steamer Flamborough, Fraser, Barbadoes Nov 29, Martintique 30, Dominica 7 days, with mole and passengers to A E. ique 50. Dominica 7. cays, with midee and passengers to A E Outerbridge & CO.
Steamer Manhattan, Stevens, Newport News, with midee and passengers to Old Dominion 8s Co.
Steamer Boltvar, Crossman, Baitimore, with midee and passengers Goo H Glover Jenney, Lewes, Del, with midee and passengers to Old Dominion 8s Co. passengers to Old Dominion Se Co.
Ship Marco Polo Geri, Klingenberg. Amsterdam 41 days,
with rags and empty barrels to order; vessel to Herman Koop

to order, vessel to master.

Bark National Eagle, Rose, Flume 73 days, with empty barrels to order, vessel to Herman Koop & Co.

Bris Parnell, McIssacs, of and 199 days from Auckland, NZ, with knur gum to Masher & Quereau; vessel to Howring & Archibald. Bark St Agnello (Ital), Anielio, Smyrna 73 days, with indse

SUNSET-Wind at Sandy Hook, light, SW; light fog. At City Island, light, SW; rafn.

Arrived yesterday—
Steamer Worra (Ger), Barre, Bremen Nov 28, via Southampton 20, with moise and passengers to Ocirichs & Co.
Steamer Reliance, Carponter, Rio Janeiro Nov 14, Bahia 17, via Pernambuco, Maraniam, Parn and St Thomas, with moise and passengers to US and Brazil Mail Sc Co.
Steamer Ambrose (Br), Bisson, Para 14 days, with moise to Pooth & Co. Steamer Ambrose (Br), Bisson, Para 14 days, with mase to Booth & Co.
Booth & Co.
Steamer Delaware, Winnett, Chorieston 3 days, with indee steamer Delaware, Wounterd & Co.
Bark Antonio Sala, Mitchell, Havana 18 days, with sugar to order, vessel to Cl & Wood.
Brig Protectiors (Rail), Slane, Algiers 38 days, with vegetable half to order, vessel to Seager Bros.
Brig Alberto (Ven.), Todd, Maracelbo 32 days, with indee to order, vessel to E Susarto.

CLEARED. Steamer Persian Monarch (Br), Duncombe, London-Pat-ton, Vickers & Co. Steamer Caledonts (Br), Russell, Glasgow-Henderson Bros. Steamer Blagdon (Br), Dunn, Leith-Simpson, Spence & Steamer Thingwalls (Dan), Laub, Christians, Copenhagen and Stettin-Funch, Edye & Co. and Stettin-Funch, Edye & Co. steamer Moravia (Ger), Pezoidt, Hamburg-Kunhardt & Co. Steamer Moravia (Ger), Sander, Bremen via Southampton-Oel-Steamer Oder (Ger), Sander, Bremen via Southampton-Oel-

Steamer Waesland (Belg), Nickels, Antwerp—Peter Wright Steamer Chateau Lafite (Fr), Journell, Bordeaux, etc-Funch, Edye & Co. Steamer Edith Godden (Br), Bennett, Kingston, Ja-G Wes-Steamer Edith Godden (Br), Bennett, Kingston, Ja-G Wes-Steamer Edith Godden (Br., Bonana-Jas E Ward & Co. Steamer Saratoga, McIntosh, Havana-Jas E Ward & Co. Steamer Bermuda (Br.) Whitehurst, St Kitta, St Pierre, Steamer Bermuda (Br.) Whitehurst, St Kitta, St Pierre, Trinidad, etc.—A E Outerbridge & Co. Steamer Lampassa, Crowell, Key West and Galveston—C H. Steamer Lampassa, Crowell, Key West and Galveston—C H. ory & Co. amer Excelsior, Hawthorn, New-Orleans—Bogert & Morgan. Steamer Knickerbocker, Kemble, New-Orleans-S H Sea-

steamer Cygnus, Foster, Jacksonville-Iron Steamboat Co. Steamer City of Augusta, Nickerson, Savanuah-Henry Steamer City of Atlanta, Lockwood, Charleston--J W Quin-Steamer City of Atlanta, Lockwood, Charleston--J W Quin-lard & Co. Steamer Benefactor, Tribou, Wilmington--Wm P Clyde & Co. Steamer Old Dominion, Walker, Norfolk, City Point and Steamer Old Dominion Sector.

Richmond-Old Dominion Sector.

Steamer J W Carrett, Foster, Baltimore-Geo H Glover.

Steamer John Gibson, Young, Georgetown and AlexandriaThos W Wightman.

Steamer Eleanors, Brrgg, Portland—Horatic Hall.

Steamer Releanors, Brrgg, Portland—Horatic Hall.

Steamer Reptune, Berry, Hoston—H F Dimock.

Steamer Gen Whitney, Hallett, Boston—H F Dimock.

Bark Carmela C (Ital), Garguilo, Foszuoli, Italy—Tower & Maresca.

SAILED.

Steamers City of Chester, for Liverpool; Devoula, Glasgow; Vincenzo Florio, Mediterranean ports; Oder, Bremen, Lampasas, Guiventon; Excelsior and Ruickerbocker, New-Orleans, City of Augusta and Gladiolus, Savannah; City of Atlanta, Charleston; Renefactor, Wilmington; Old Dominion, Richmondi, Roma, Norfolk; Guyandotte, Newport News; John Gibsen, Georgetown.

Also sailed...Via Long Island Sound...Steamers Accriano, for Lisbou: Eleanora, Portland. Burks Kintali, for Padang; St Patrick, Montevideo. THE MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.
FOREIGN PORTS.

LONDON, Dec. 8-Passed up the Channel-Steamer Califor-nia (Ger), Winkler, from New York Nov 25, on her way to Bollos, Winkier, from New-York Nov 25, on her way to Hamburg.
Livempot, Dec 8-Arrived, steamers Brema (Ger), Pallebr, from Savannah Nov 17; Nevada (Br), Bentley, from New-York.

Verkenstown, Dec 8-Arrived, steamer Paventa (Br), Mc. Nur, from New-York Nov 28 on her way to Liverpool (and proceeded).

MOVILIE, Dec 8—Arrived, steamer Olympia (Br), Carter, from New-York Nov 20, on her way to Glasgow (and proceeded). from New-York Nov 20, on her way to clean ceeded).

PORILAND, Dec 8—Arrived, steamer Joshua Nicholson (Br),
Harrison, from Baitimore Nov 20, on her way to Rotterdam,
LIARD, Dec 8—Passed, steamer Golden Horn (Br), Vaider,
from New-York Nov 22, on her way to Newcastla.

HAVER, Dec 8—Sailed, steamers Olindes Rodriguez (Fr),
for New-York, Rhactta (Ger), Vogelgesang, from Hamburg hence for New-York.

HAMERO, Dec 8—Arrived, steamer Silesia (Ger), Barends,
from New-York.

VERA CRUZ, Doc 7-Sailed, steamer City of Merida, Rettig, Havaga and New-York.



Holiday Presents CHILDREN.

In addition to our stock of clothing for Boys, Girls, and Babies,

Which is the largest and most complete in this country, we are

CHILDREN'S COLLARS | SHIRT WAIST STUDS, AND SETS. COLLARS AND CUFFS), SPLK AND LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HANDKERCHIEFS

IN FANCY BOXES, BOYS' COLLARS AND CUFFS, SCARFS, BOWS, TIES, HOSIERY,

GLOVES AND MITTENS WORSTED CAPS, BACQUES, JACKETS, AND LEGGINS. BOYS' JEWELRY.

SLEEVE BUTTONS, COLLAR BUTTONS. SCARF RINGS, &c. GIRLS' JEWELRY, BRACELETS, RINGS, CUFF PINS, LACE PINS, EAR-RINGS, &c. PLUSH AND LEATHER HAND BAGS,

PURSES AND BAGS, POCKET-KNIVES, MAND SATCHELS, POCKETBOOKS, UMBRELLAS. SCARF PINS. FUR SETS, &c. fact, everything required for children-and in

TOY DEPARTMENT

60 AND 62 WEST 23D-ST.

MISS PARLOA'S SCHOOL OF COOKERY

222 EAST 17TH-ST., NEW-YORK. Public Demonstration Lessons in Cooking every MONDAY, at 10 a.m., and TUESDAY, at 2 p. m., Admission, 75 cents; 12 tickets, \$6. Ladies are invited to send for PROGRAMMES FOR THE COURSE. Private Classes are now forming.

Co Whom It Man Concern.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. AND WITCH IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day taken into his possasion at the City of Buffalo, Eric Co., N.Y., about fifty-seven thousand feet of rough sawed pine plants and boards which are in a dry condition and are now on the farm of Miles Wasson and Thomas Canaroe in said city of Buffalo, where the undersigned caused the same to be stored.

atored.

That there are no marks, brands, letters or figures on any of That there are no marks, brands, letters or figures on any of said jumber. That the name of the vessel from which it was cast on shore and of the master and super-cargo of such vessel and the place where such vessel now is, and its condition, are unknown to the undersigned.

EDGAR A. PORSYTH.